

# Vaddtagref/vfadtr

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## Vaddtagref/vfadtr

int32 Vaddtagref(int32 *vgroup\_id*, int32 *tag*, int32 *ref*)

*vgroup\_id*      IN:    Vgroup identifier returned by **Vattach**  
*tag*                IN:    Tag of object to add  
*ref*                IN:    Reference number of object to add

**Purpose**          This routine inserts the tag/reference number pairs of a data object into the specified vgroup.

**Return value**       Returns the number of tag and reference numbers in the vgroup if successful and **FAIL**(or -1) otherwise.

**Description**         This routine is primarily used to add an HDF object that may be neither a vgroup nor a vdata into a vgroup. The HDF object is specified by the *tag* and *ref* parameters.

**FORTRAN**          integer function vfadtr(*vgroup\_id*, *tag*, *ref*)  
                          integer *vgroup\_id*, *tag*, *ref*

**Vattach/vfatch**

```
int32 Vattach(int32 file_id, int32 vgroup_ref, char *access)
```

<i>file_id</i>	IN: File identifier returned by <b>Hopen</b>
<i>vgroup_ref</i>	IN: Reference number for the vgroup to open
<i>access</i>	IN: Type of access - "r" for read, "w" for write.

**Purpose** Attaches to an existing vgroup or creates a new vgroup and returns an identifier for it.

**Return value** Returns a vgroup identifier if successful and **FAIL** (or -1) otherwise.

**Description** The *file\_id* is the file identifier of an opened HDF file. The *vgroup\_ref* parameter specifies which vgroup in the HDF file to attach to: if *vgroup\_ref* = -1, a new vgroup is created. If *vgroup\_ref* is positive, the vgroup corresponding to the *vgroup\_ref* is attached. **Vattach** returns a vgroup identifier for the accessed vgroup. This identifier or *vgroup\_id*, is used for all further operations on the vgroup. Once operations are complete, the *vgroup\_id* must be disposed of via a call to **Vdetach**. Multiple attaches may be made to the same vgroup simultaneously, giving rise to several vgroup identifiers for the same vgroup. Each *vgroup\_id* must be disposed of independently.

## FORTRAN

```
integer function vfatch(file_id, vgroup_ref, access)
integer file_id, vgroup_ref
character access
```

# Vattrinfo/vfainfo

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## Vattrinfo/vfainfo

```
intn Vattrinfo(int32 vgroup_id, intn attr_index, char *attr_name, char *data_type, intn *count,  
               intn *size)
```

<i>vgroup_id</i>	IN: Vgroup identifier returned by <b>Vattach</b>
<i>attr_index</i>	IN: Index of the target attribute
<i>attr_name</i>	OUT: Name of the target attribute
<i>data_type</i>	OUT: Data type of the target attribute
<i>count</i>	OUT: Number of values in the target attribute
<i>size</i>	OUT: Size, in bytes, of the values of the target attribute.

**Purpose** Returns the name, data type, number of values, and the size of the values of the specified attribute of the specified vgroup identified by *vgroup\_id* and *attr\_index*.

**Return value** Returns **SUCCEED** (or 0) if successful and **FAIL** (or -1) otherwise.

**Description** The values of the *attr\_name*, *data\_type*, *count* and *size* parameters can be set to **NULL**, if the information returned by these parameters are not needed.

The value of *attr\_index* parameter is used as the index of the target vgroup attribute, and is zero-based. For example, a *attr\_index* value of 4 would refer to the fifth attribute of the vgroup.

**FORTRAN**

```
integer function vfainfo(vgroup_id, attr_index, attr_name,  
                         data_type, count, size)  
  
integer vgroup_id, attr_index, data_type, count, size  
character* (*) attr_name
```

**Vdetach/vfdtch**

int32 Vdetach(int32 *vgroup\_id*)

*vgroup\_id* IN: Vgroup identifier returned by **Vattach**

**Purpose** Detaches a currently-attached vgroup, terminating further access to that vgroup.

**Return value** None.

**Description** All space associated with the specified vgroup will be freed. Each attached vgroup should be detached by calling this routine before the file is closed. **Vdetach** also updates the vgroup information in the HDF file if any changes occur. The identifier *vgroup\_id* should not be used after that vgroup is detached.

**FORTRAN**

```
integer function vfdtch(vgroup_id)  
integer vgroup_id
```

# Vend/vfend

---

## Vend/vfend

intn Vend(int32 *file\_id*)

*file\_id*            IN: File identifier returned by **Hopen**

**Purpose**        Releases the internal data structures for the specified HDF file.

**Return value**     None.

**Description**        **Vend** releases all internal data structures allocated by calling **Vstart**. This routine must be called after all vdata and vgroup operations on an HDF file are completed. Further attempts to use vdata or vgroup routines after calling **Vend** will result in an error condition.

**FORTRAN**        integer function vfend(file\_id)

                    integer file\_id

**Vfind/vfind**

```
int32 Vfind(int32 file_id, const char *vname)
```

<i>file_id</i>	IN: File identifier returned by <b>Hopen</b>
<i>vname</i>	IN: Name of the vgroup

**Purpose** Returns the reference number of the vgroup with the specified name.

**Return value** Returns the reference number of the vgroup if successful and 0 otherwise.

FORTRAN	<pre>integer function vfind(<i>file_id</i>, <i>vname</i>)</pre>
	<pre>integer <i>file_id</i> character* (*) <i>vname</i></pre>

# Vfindattr/vffdatt

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## Vfindattr/vffdatt

intn Vfindattr(int32 *vgroup\_id*, char \**attr\_name*)

*vgroup\_id* IN: Vgroup identifier returned by **Vattach**

*attr\_name* OUT: Name of the target attribute

**Purpose** Returns the index of an attribute with the given name, specified by the value of the *attr\_name* parameter, of a vgroup.

**Return value** Returns the index of the target attribute if successful and **FAIL** (or -1) otherwise.

FORTRAN

```
integer function vffdatt(vgroup_id, attr_name)
integer group_id
character* (*) attr_name
```

**Vfindclass/vfndcls**

```
int32 Vfindclass(int32 file_id, const char *vgclass)
```

<i>file_id</i>	IN: File identifier returned by <b>Hopen</b>
<i>vgclass</i>	IN: Class of the vgroup

**Purpose** Returns the reference number of the vgroup with the specified class.

**Return value** Returns the reference number of the vgroup if successful and 0 otherwise.

**FORTRAN** integer function vfndcls(*file\_id*, *vgclass*)

```
integer file_id
character* (*) vgclass
```

# Vflocate/vffloc

---

## Vflocate/vffloc

int32 Vflocate(int32 *vgroup\_id*, char \**field*)

*vgroup\_id* IN: Vgroup identifier

*field* IN: Target field name

**Purpose** Determines if the specified field name exists in the vgroup referred to by *vgroup\_id*.

**Return value** Returns the reference number of the vdata containing the field name if successful and FAIL (or -1) otherwise.

FORTRAN

```
integer function vffloc(vgroup_id, field)
integer vgroup_id
character* (*) field
```

**Vgetattr/vfgnatt/vfgcatt**

```
intn Vgetattr(int32 vgroup_id, intn attr_index, char *values)
```

<i>vgroup_id</i>	IN: Vgroup identifier returned by <b>Vattach</b>
<i>attr_index</i>	IN: Index of the target attribute
<i>values</i>	OUT: Name of the target attribute

**Purpose** Returns all of the values of the specified attribute of the specified vgroup.

**Return value** Returns SUCCEED (or 0) if successful and FAIL (or -1) otherwise.

**Description** The *attr\_index* parameter is the ordinal, zero-based index of the target attribute.

FORTRAN	<pre>integer function vfgnatt(vgroup_id, attr_index, values) integer vgroup_id, attr_index, values</pre> <pre>integer function vfgcatt(vgroup_id, attr_index, values) integer vgroup_id, attr_index character* (*) values</pre>
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# Vgetclass/vfgcls

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## Vgetclass/vfgcls

int32 Vgetclass(int32 *vgroup\_id*, char \**vgroup\_class*)

*vgroup\_id* IN: Vgroup identifier returned by **Vattach**

*vgroup\_class* OUT: Buffer for storing the vgroup class name

**Purpose** Retrieves the class name of the vgroup specified by *vgroup\_id* and returns it in the buffer pointed to by *vgroup\_class*.

**Return value** None.

**Description** The maximum length of the name is defined by the macro VGNAMELENMAX.

**FORTRAN**

```
integer function vfgcls(vgroup_id, vgroup_class)
```

```
integer vgroup_id  
character* (*) vgroup_class
```

**Vgetid/vfgid**

```
int32 Vgetid(int32 file_id, int32 vgroup_ref)
```

*file\_id* IN: File identifier returned by **Hopen**

*vgroup\_ref* IN: Reference number of the previous vgroup

**Purpose** Searches through the HDF file and returns the reference number of the next vgroup following the vgroup that has the reference number *vgroup\_ref*. It is used to sequentially search the file for vgroups.

**Return value** Returns the reference number of the next vdata if successful and **FAIL**(or -1) otherwise.

**Description** To initiate a search, call this routine with a *vgroup\_ref* value of -1. This will return the reference number of the first vgroup in the file. Searching past the last vgroup in the file will return an error.

**Example** This sample code prints out the reference numbers of all vgroups in the HDF file.

```
int32 file_id; /* id of an opened HDF file */
int32 vgroup_ref;

file_id = Hopen("myfile.hdf", DFACC_READ, 0);
Vstart(file_id);
vgroup_ref = -1;
while (1) {
    vgroup_ref = Vgetid(file_id, vgroup_ref);
    if (vgroup_ref == -1) break;
    printf("found vgroup with id %d\n", vgroup_ref);
}

Vend(file_id);
Hclose(file_id);
```

**FORTRAN**

```
integer function vfgid(file_id, vgroup_ref)
integer file_id, vgroup_ref
```

# Vgetname/vfgnam

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## Vgetname/vfgnam

int32 Vgetname(int32 *vgroup\_id*, char \**vgroup\_name*)

*vgroup\_id* IN: Vgroup identifier returned by **Vattach**

*vgroup\_name* OUT: Buffer for the vgroup name

**Purpose** Returns the name of the vgroup.

**Return value** None.

**Description** This routine retrieves the name of the vgroup specified by *vgroup\_id* and returns it in the buffer pointed to by *vgroup\_name*. The maximum length of the name is defined by the macro VGNAMELENMAX.

**FORTRAN**

```
integer function vfgnam(vgroup_id, vgroup_name)  
integer vgroup_id  
character* (*) vgroup_name
```

**Vgetnext/vfgnxt**int32 Vgetnext(int32 *vgroup\_id*, int32 *elem\_ref*)

<i>vgroup_id</i>	IN: Vgroup identifier
<i>elem_ref</i>	IN: Reference number of the vgroup or vdata

**Purpose** Searches in the vgroup specified by *vgroup\_id* for the vgroup or vdata following the vgroup or vdata referred to by *elem\_ref*.

**Return value** Returns the reference number of the target vgroup or vdata if successful and FAIL (or -1) otherwise.

**Description** If *elem\_ref* is set to -1 the reference number of the first element in the vgroup is returned.

**Vgetnext** will only examine vset elements. To examine all element links in a vgroup, use **Vgettrefs**.

FORTRAN	integer function vfgnxt( <i>vgroup_id</i> , <i>elem_ref</i> ) integer <i>vgroup_id</i> , <i>elem_ref</i>
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# Vgettagref/vfgttr

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## Vgettagref/vfgttr

intn Vgettagref(int32 *vgroup\_id*, int32 *index*, int32 \**tag*, int32 \**ref*)

<i>vgroup_id</i>	IN: Vgroup identifier returned by <b>Vattach</b>
<i>index</i>	IN: Index of the tag/reference number pair to be retrieved from the vgroup
<i>tag</i>	OUT: Buffer for the returned tag
<i>ref</i>	OUT: Buffer for the returned reference number

<b>Purpose</b>	Returns the tag/reference number pair of an HDF object at a given position within a vgroup. Do not confuse this routine with <b>Vgettagrefs</b> .
<b>Return value</b>	Returns <b>SUCCEED</b> (or 0) if successful and <b>FAIL</b> (or -1) otherwise.
<b>Description</b>	The input parameter index specifies the position within the vgroup. This routine provides a means of accessing the tag/reference number pairs in a vgroup by specifying the position within the vgroup.
<b>Example</b>	This sample code first uses <b>Vntagrefs</b> to determine the number of tag/reference number pairs in a vgroup. It then uses <b>Vgettagref</b> to extract each tag/reference number pair one at a time.

```
int32 vgroup_id; /* pointer to an attached vgroup */
int32 tag, ref;
int32 status, i, npairs;

npairs = Vntagrefs(vgroup_id);
for (i=0; i < npairs; i++) {
    status = Vgettagref (vgroup_id, i, &tag, &ref);
    printf ("found tag=%d ref=%d at position %d\n", tag, ref, i);
}

FORTRAN          integer function vfgttr(vgroup_id, index, tag, ref)

                  integer vgroup_id, index
                  integer tag, ref
```

**Vgettagrefs/vfgttrs**

```
int32 Vgettagrefs(int32 vgroup_id, int32 tag_array[], int32 ref_array[], int32 maxsize)
```

<i>vgroup_id</i>	IN: Vgroup identifier returned by <b>Vattach</b>
<i>tag_array</i>	OUT: Buffer for the returned tags
<i>ref_array</i>	OUT: Buffer for the returned reference numbers
<i>maxsize</i>	IN: Maximum number of tag/reference number pairs to store in <i>tag_array</i> and <i>ref_array</i>

<b>Purpose</b>	Returns the tag/reference number pairs of the HDF objects belonging to a given vgroup. Do not confuse this routine with <b>Vgettagref</b> .
<b>Return value</b>	Returns the number of tag/reference number pairs in a specified vgroup if successful and <b>FAIL</b> (or -1) otherwise.
<b>Description</b>	The input parameter maxsize specifies the maximum number of tag/reference number pairs to be returned. The tag/reference number pairs will be returned in arrays <i>tag_array</i> and <i>ref_array</i> . Each array must be at least <i>maxsize</i> in size.
<b>Example</b>	This sample code uses <b>Vntagrefs</b> to determine the number of tag/reference number pairs in a vgroup. It then allocates memory, and uses <b>Vgettagrefs</b> to extract the tag/reference number pair values.

<b>FORTRAN</b>	int32 vgroup_id; /* pointer to an attached vgroup */ int32 npairs, status; int32 *tags, *refs;
	npairs = Vntagrefs(vgroup_id); tags = (int32*) malloc (sizeof(int32) * npairs); refs = (int32*) malloc (sizeof(int32) * npairs); status = Vgettagrefs(vgroup_id, tags, refs, npairs);
	integer function vfgttrs(vgroup_id, tag_array, ref_array, maxsize)  integer vgroup_id, maxsize integer tag_array(*), ref_array(*)

# Vgetversion/vfgver

---

## Vgetversion/vfgver

int32 Vgetversion(int32 *vgroup\_id*)

*vgroup\_id*      IN:    Vgroup identifier returned by **Vattach**

**Purpose**      **Vgetversion** returns a value of VSET\_NEW\_VERSION when encountering a vgroup of this vgroup version.

**Return value**      Returns the vset version number if successful, and FAIL otherwise.

**Description**      Version 3 is the vset version corresponding to all versions of the HDF library between 3.2 and 4.0 release 2. **Vgetversion** returns a value of VSET\_VERSION when encountering a vgroup of this vset version. The third version is version 2. This vset version corresponds to all HDF library versions before version 3.2, and **Vgetversion** returns a value of VSET\_OLD\_VERSION when encountering a vgroup of this vset version.

FORTRAN      

```
integer function vfgver(vgroup_id)
                integer vgroup_id
```

**Vinqtagref/vfinqtr**

intn Vinqtagref(int32 *vgroup\_id*, int32 *tag*, int32 *ref*)

<i>vgroup_id</i>	IN: Vgroup identifier returned by <b>Vattach</b>
<i>tag</i>	IN: Tag of object to be checked for
<i>ref</i>	IN: Reference number of object to be checked for

<b>Purpose</b>	Tests whether a given HDF object is linked to a given vgroup.
<b>Return value</b>	Returns TRUE (or 1) if the tag and reference number are linked to the specified vgroup, and FALSE (or 0) otherwise.
<b>Description</b>	The HDF object is specified by the <i>tag</i> and <i>ref</i> parameters. This routine then checks if the tag/reference number pair can be found in the vgroup specified by <i>vgroup_id</i> .

**FORTRAN**

```
integer function vfinqtr(vgroup_id, tag, ref)
integer vgroup_id, tag, ref
```

# Vinquire/vfinq

---

## Vinquire/vfinq

intn Vinquire(int32 *vgroup\_id*, int32 \**n\_entries*, char \**vgroup\_name*)

*vgroup\_id* IN: Vgroup identifier returned by **Vattach**  
*n\_entries* OUT: Pointer to variable to store the number of entries in a vgroup  
*vgroup\_name* OUT: Buffer to store the name of a vgroup.

**Purpose** Retrieves the number of entries in a vgroup and the name of the vgroup. .

**Return value** Returns **SUCCEED** (or 0) if successful and **FAIL** (or -1) otherwise.

**Description** The maximum length of the vgroup's name is defined by **VGNAMELENMAX**.

**FORTRAN**

```
integer function vfinq(vgroup_id, n_entries, vgroup_name)
integer vgroup_id, n_entries
character* (*) vgroup_name
```

**Vinsert/vfinsrt**

```
int32 Vinsert(int32 vgroup_id, int32 v_id)
```

<i>vgroup_id</i>	IN: Vgroup identifier returned by <b>Vattach</b>
<i>v_id</i>	IN: Identifier for the item, vdata or vgroup, to insert into a vgroup

**Purpose** Establishes a link from a vgroup to either another vgroup or to a vdata identifier.

**Return value** Returns the position of the inserted vgroup or vdata within the vgroup if successful and **FAIL** (or -1) otherwise.

**Description** Essentially, **Vinsert** allows vgroups or vdatas to be grouped together. To insert other HDF objects (i.e., that are not vgroups or vdatas) into a vgroup, use **Vaddtagref**. The vdata or the vgroup *v\_id* will be added to the vgroup *vgroup\_id*.

FORTRAN

```
integer function vfinsrt(vgroup_id, v_id)
integer vgroup_id, v_id
```

# **Visvg/vfisvg**

---

## **Visvg/vfisvg**

intn Visvg(int32 *vgroup\_id*, int32 *v\_ref*)

*vgroup\_id*      IN: Vgroup identifier returned by **Vattach**  
*v\_ref*            IN: Vgroup or vdata reference number to be queried

**Purpose**        Determines whether the vgroup or vdata specified by *v\_ref* is contained within the vgroup identified by *vgroup\_id*.

**Return value**     Returns TRUE (or 1) if the reference number specified by the *v\_ref* parameter refers to an object stored in the specified vgroup and FAIL (or -1) otherwise.

FORTRAN            integer function vfisvg(*vgroup\_id*, *v\_ref*)  
                      integer *vgroup\_id*, *v\_ref*

**Visvs/vfisvs**

intn Visvs(int32 *vgroup\_id*, int32 *vdata\_ref*)

*vgroup\_id* IN: Vgroup identifier returned by **Vattach**  
*vdata\_ref* IN: Vdata reference number to be queried

<b>Purpose</b>	Determines whether the vdata specified by <i>vdata_ref</i> is contained within another the vgroup identified by <i>vgroup_id</i> .
<b>Return value</b>	Returns TRUE (or 1) if the vdata reference number specified by the <i>vdata_ref</i> parameter is that of an object stored in the specified vgroup and FAIL (or -1) otherwise.
<b>Description</b>	Generally called after <b>Vgettagrefs</b> to determine which entries are vdatas.

**FORTRAN**

```
integer function vfisvs(vgroup_id, vdata_ref)
integer vgroup_id, vdata_ref
```

# Vlone/vfclone

---

## Vlone/vfclone

int32 Vlone(int32 *file\_id*, int32 *ref\_array*[], int32 *maxsize*)

*file\_id*            IN: File identifier returned by **Hopen**  
*ref\_array*        OUT: Buffer for the reference numbers of the lone vgroups  
*maxsize*          IN: Maximum number of vgroups to store in *ref\_array*.

<b>Purpose</b>	Returns an array of reference numbers for all vgroups that are not linked to any vgroup in the HDF file.
<b>Return value</b>	Returns the total number of lone vgroups in a file if successful and <b>FAIL</b> (or -1) otherwise.
<b>Description</b>	<p>This routine is provided for applications to locate all lone vgroups (i.e., those that are not grouped with other objects) in a HDF file. Another use is to locate all vgroups at the top of the grouping hierarchy.</p> <p>The parameter <i>maxsize</i> specifies the maximum number of reference numbers to be returned. The reference numbers will be returned in the array <i>ref_array</i>[]. The array must be at least <i>maxsize</i> elements in size.</p> <p>The return value from this function will be the total number of vgroups that are not linked to any vgroup in the file, but at most <i>maxsize</i> reference numbers will be returned in <i>ref_array</i>.</p> <p>An array size of 65,000 integers for <i>ref_array</i> is more than adequate. The preferred method is to use dynamic memory instead; first call <b>Vlone</b> with a value of 0 for <i>maxsize</i>, and then use the returned value to allocate memory for <i>ref_array</i> before calling <b>Vlone</b>.</p>
<b>Example</b>	The sample code illustrates the preferred method of using <b>Vlone</b> . The second call to <b>Vlone</b> returns the target reference numbers.

```
int32 file_id; /* id of opened HDF file */
int32 maxsize, status;
int32 *ref_array;

maxsize = Vlone(file_id, NULL, 0);
ref_array = (int32*) malloc(sizeof(int32)*maxsize);
status   = Vlone(file_id, ref_array, maxsize);
```

FORTTRAN

```
integer function vfclone(file_id, ref_array, maxsize)
integer file_id, ref_array(*), maxsize
```

**Vnattrs/vfnatts**intn Vnattrs(int32 *vgroup\_id*)*vgroup\_id* IN: Vgroup identifier returned by **Vattach****Purpose** Returns the number of attributes assigned to the vgroup identified by *vgroup\_id*.**Return value** Returns the total number of attributes assigned to the specified vgroups if successful and FAIL (or -1) otherwise.

FORTRAN	integer function vfnatts( <i>vgroup_id</i> ) integer <i>group_id</i>
---------	---

# Vnrefs/vnrefs

---

## Vnrefs/vnrefs

int32 Vnrefs(int32 *vgroup\_id*, int32 *tag*)

*vgroup\_id*      IN:    Vgroup identifier

*tag*            IN:    Target tag definition

**Purpose**        Returns the number of tags of the type specified by *tag* in the vgroup referred to by *vgroup\_id*.

**Return value**     Returns the total number of tags if successful and FAIL (or -1) otherwise.

FORTRAN            integer function vnrefs(*vgroup\_id*, *tag*)

                      integer *vgroup\_id*, *tag*

**Vntagrefs/vntrc**int32 Vntagrefs(int32 *vgroup\_id*)*vgroup\_id* IN: The vgroup identifier returned by **Vattach**

<b>Purpose</b>	Returns a count of the number of tag and reference number pairs stored in the given vgroup.
<b>Return value</b>	Returns the number of HDF elements linked to the vgroup and or FAIL (or -1) otherwise.
<b>Description</b>	This routine is used together with <b>Vgettagrefs</b> , or in a loop with <b>Vgettagref</b> to look at the HDF objects linked to a given vgroup.

**FORTRAN**

```
integer function vntrc(vgroup_id)
integer vgroup_id
```

# Vsetattr/vfsnatt/vfscatt

---

## Vsetattr/vfsnatt/vfscatt

intn Vsetattr(int32 *vgroup\_id*, char \**attr\_name*, int32 *data\_type*, int32 *count*, VOIDP *values*)

<i>vgroup_id</i>	IN: Vgroup identifier returned by <b>Vattach</b>
<i>attr_name</i>	IN: Name of the attribute
<i>data_type</i>	IN: Data type of the attribute
<i>count</i>	IN: Number of values the attribute contains
<i>values</i>	IN: Buffer containing the attribute values

**Purpose** Attaches an attribute to a vgroup.

**Return value** Returns SUCCEED (or 0) if successful and FAIL (or -1) otherwise.

**Description** If the attribute already exists, the new values will replace the current ones, provided the data type and order have not been changed. If either the data type or the order have been changed, **Vsetattr** will exit on an error condition.

FORTRAN	integer vfsnatt( <i>vgroup_id</i> , <i>attr_name</i> , <i>data_type</i> , <i>count</i> , <i>values</i> )  integer <i>vgroup_id</i> , <i>data_type</i> , <i>count</i> <valid numerical type> <i>values</i> character* (*) <i>attr_name</i>  integer vfscatt( <i>vgroup_id</i> , <i>attr_name</i> , <i>data_type</i> , <i>count</i> , <i>values</i> )  integer <i>vgroup_id</i> , <i>data_type</i> , <i>count</i> character* (*) <i>attr_name</i> , <i>values</i>
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**Vsetclass/vfscls**

```
int32 Vsetclass(int32 vgroup_id, const char *vgroup_class)
```

*vgroup\_id* IN: Vgroup identifier returned by **Vattach**

*vgroup\_class* IN: Name of class for vgroup

**Purpose** Sets the class name for a vgroup.

**Return value** Returns SUCCEED (or 0) if successful and FAIL (or -1) otherwise.

**Description** Vgroups initially have a class name of NULL. The class name may be set more than once. Class names, like vgroup names, can be of any character strings. They exist solely as meaningful labels for user applications.

**FORTRAN** integer function vfscls(vgroup\_id, vgroup\_class)

```
integer vgroup_id  
character* (*) vgroup_class
```

# Vsetname/vfsnam

---

## Vsetname/vfsnam

int32 Vsetname(int32 *vgroup\_id*, const char \**vgroup\_name*)

*vgroup\_id* IN: Vgroup identifier returned by **Vattach**

*vgroup\_name* IN: Name to be assigned to the vgroup

**Purpose** Sets the name for a vgroup.

**Return value** Returns **SUCCEED** (or 0) if successful and **FAIL** (or -1) otherwise.

**Description** Vgroups each initially have a name of **NULL**, and may be renamed more than once. Note that the routine does not check for uniqueness of vgroup names.

Vgroup names are optional, but recommended. They serve as meaningful labels for user applications. If used, they should be unique.

The maximum length of *vgroup\_name* is **VGNAMELENMAX**. If a longer name is specified it will be truncated to that length.

**FORTRAN** integer function vfsnam(*vgroup\_id*, *vgroup\_name*)

```
integer vgroup_id  
character* (*) vgroup_name
```

**Vstart/vfstart**intn Vstart(int32 *file\_id*)*file\_id* IN: File identifier returned by **Hopen****Purpose** Initializes the internal vdata and vgroup data structures in an HDF file.**Return value** Returns SUCCEED (or 0) if successful and FAIL (or -1) otherwise.**Description** This routine must be called before any vdata or vgroup operation is attempted on an HDF file. **Vstart** must be called once for each file involved in the operation.FORTRAN      integer function vfstart(*file\_id*)                integer *file\_id*